# **Historic, Archive Document**

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

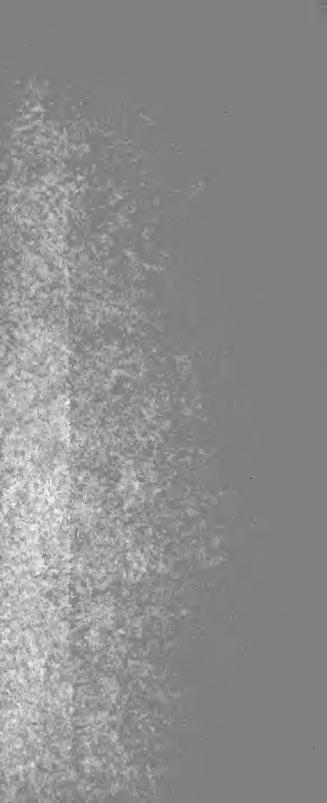


LIBRARY

RECEIVED

\* APR 30 1929 \*





TELEPHONE: CLARENDON 500

# Garden Supply Company

I. N. ANDERSON, Manager ROBERT H. FORMAN, Treasurer

Ballston, Birginia



Roses

Perennials

Hines

Printed in Clarendon, Virginia by Dexter S. Hussey

TE TAKE PLEASURE in offering to our friends and customers, and to those who may favor us with their patronage, this catalogue for the year 1928 and 1929, which includes what we believe to be the largest and most complete assortment of Hardy Perennials grown in the vicinity of Washington. The plants are not removed from the field until the day ordered and delivered, assuring the smallest possible injury before replanting in your flower beds, and we have often removed material in full bloom without interruption to the growth. Our material is mostly grown in beds and entirely hand worked, which enables us to give to the individual plants that personal touch which is so necessary in the younger period of perennials.

In addition to the material quoted in this catalogue, we would like to call attention to the fol-

lowing features of our service:

LANDSCAPE DESIGNS AND PLANTING GENERAL NURSERY STOCK, SUCH AS EVERGREENS, TREES, SHRUBS

TREE SURGERY, PRUNING, SPRAYING.

录 录 泰

## PLEASE READ CAREFULLY BEFORE ORDERING

Be sure to write name and address carefully and clearly, and give any necessary instructions for delivery. We pay transportation on all shipments within fifty miles of Washington, D. C. For other orders, please add 15% to the value of your order to cover postage or express. Otherwise shipments will be made collect.

Checks or Money Orders should be made payable to GARDEN SUPPLY COMPANY.

While exercising every precaution, we give no warranty express or implied as to the productiveness of any plants. We do guarantee all our plants to be true to name or color, and to be free from any harmful disease at time of shipment.

Our nursery: Glebe Road, near Pershing Drive,

Our nursery: Glebe Road, near Pershing Drive, in Arlington County, Virginia. Visitors are welcomed.



# Perennials

ACHILLEA (Milfoil or Yarrow)-Plants suitable for dry sunny places.

Parker's Variety—Tall clear yellow flower heads.

Ptarmica, The Pearl-Pure white double flowers

all summer.

ACONITUM (Monkshood)—Summer and Autumn-flowering plants with bold spikes of hood-shaped flowers, thriving in either sun or shade. The roots are poisonous and should not be planted where the tubers might be mistaken for vegetables. Delivery from October 15th to March 15th. Tubers cannot freeze.

Fischeri-A dwarf variety with pale blue flow-

18 in. September.

35 cents each; three for \$1.00.
Wilsoni—5 to 6 feet. September. A recent inhabit with light violet-blue flowers.

35 cents each; three for \$1.00.

AGROSTEMMA CORONARIA (Lychnis or Mullein Pink)—Crimson red flowers and silvery foliage; 1½ feet. June and July.

ALYSSUM (Rock Madwort).

Saxatile Compactum-Broad masses of bright yellow flowers in early Spring. An excellent plant for the rockery or front of border. 1 ft.

ANCHUSA ITALICA DROPMORE (Alkanet)

—Blue flowers, 3-5 feet. June.

ANEMONE JAPONICA (Japanese Anemone)—

Valuable allowers in the form massing or single

Valuable plants suitable for massing or single specimens. They grow rapidly and are profuse in bloom, gaining strength and beauty each year. The blooming period extends from August till mid-November, the large, open flowers furnishing abundant cut flowers and a brilliant fold display.

brilliant field display. Cover plants in Winter. We offer strong, field grown roots only.

Queen Charlotte—Abundant semidouble flowers, broad and perfectly formed; "La France" pink. 2 to 3 feet.

35 cents each; three for \$1.00.

Whirlwind-Excellent double white flowers. 2 to 3 feet.

35 cents each; three for \$1.00.

ANTHEMIS (Marguerite).

Tinctoria-Handsome finely cut foilage, and large, golden yellow flowers produced

summer. Succeeds in the poorest soil.

AQUILEGIA (Columbine)—Excellent cut flowers with clover-like foilage and butterfly-like flowers in May and June. 21/2-4 feet.

Chrysantha—(Golden Columbine)—Yellow flowers with long spurs.

Canadensis-(American Columbine)-Red and yellow flowers.

Mrs. Scott Elliott's long spurred hybirds-Finest hybrids.

Plain long-spurred hybrids.

ARABIS (Rock Cress).

Alpina—Pure white flowers produced in dense masses splendid for border and rockery work, and last quite some time when cut.

ARENARIA (Sandwort).

Pyrenees Mountains. Grandiflora—From the Covers itself with its pure snow-white flowers. One of the best of rock plants. May.

Pink or Thrift)-Attractive ARMERIA (Sea dwarf plants that will succeed in any soil.

Maritima (Thrift or Cushion Pink)—3 to 6 May and June. Valuable for edging; inches. flowers fine purple; foliage grass-like, ever-

ARTEMISIA—A most useful class of plants either for the border or for filling in within the shrubbery. The foliage sorts offered are very ornamental.

Abrotanum (Old Man, or Southern-wood)-

Dark green, finely cut foliage.

Stelleriana (Old Woman)—Deeply cut silvery white foilage; much used in carpet bedding, 18 inches.

ASCLEPIAS (Butterfly Weed).
Tuberosa—Attractive native plants flowering during July and August, and growing about 2½ feet high. Umbels of bright orange col-

ored flowers. **HARDY ASTERS** (Michaelmas Daisies)—The many species, widely distinct from each other in habit and form, are, with a few exceptions, all native to North America. It is in Europe, however, that our Asters have been most highly appreciated. Many improvements have been made by European growers, and many hybrid forms have been produced by crossing the different species. For the best results, they require division and replanting every third year.

Novi-belgi Climax—One of the best and showiest, with large, pyramidal spikes of large, light lavender blue flowers; very free; 5 feet.

Novae-angliae—Bright violet-purple; 4 feet.

Capitaine—Light lavender blue; 4 to 4½ feet.

King of the Belgians—Light lobelia blue; 3 feet. Robert Parker—Pale heliotrope; 4 feet. Tataricus—Distinct large bluish-violet; very

late; 6 feet.

ASTILBE (Goat's Beard)-An extra hardy plant of feathery plumes of flowers and neat attractive foliage, 1-2 feet tall. June and July.

America-Deep pink, excellent bloomer.

Gladstone-Snow white, 18 inches tall.

Oueen Alexander—Pink. Rubens—Rose red. Price of all Astilbe, 45 cents each: \$1.25 for three.

AUBRIETIA (Rock Cress or False Wall Cress) BRIETIA (Rock Cress or False Wall Cress)

—One of the daintiest and most delicately beautiful of all dwarf, creeping plants for carpeting beds or rockeries, forming brilliant sheets of blue, crimson or rose for many weeks. Massed on rockeries or in borders with white Arabis and yellow Alyssum it forms a charming contrast. A gem for planting in crevices of rocks or wall, forming a cataract of color.

Graeca-Lilac-blue.

Purpurea-Rich, purplish blue.

Grandiflera Hybrids.

BAPTISIA AUSTRALIS—(False Indigo)—Gentian blue pea-shaped flowers, very showy, 2 feet tall. May and June.

BELLIS PERENNE (English Daisy)—Snowball. Snow-white flowers, 6 inches tall. April till Tune.

BLEEDING HEART-See Dicentra.

BLUE BELLS, VIRGINIA-See Mertensia.

BOCCONIA CORDATA-(Plume Poppy)-A tall plant with large silvery foliage and fluffy white flowers on stems 4-6 feet tall. July and August.

BOLTONIA (False Chamomile)-Among the showiest of our native perennial plants with large single Aster-like flowers. The plant is in bloom during the summer and autumn months, and with its thousands of flowers open at one time produces a very showy effect.

Asteroides-Pure white: very effective; 5 to 7

Latisquama-Pink, slightly tinged with lavender: 4 to 6 feet.

CALAMINTHA (Calamint).

Alpina—A very graceful little rock plant;
growing 6 inches high, with rich purple flowers.

CALLIRHOE (Poppy Mallow).

Involucrata—An elegant trailing plant, with finely divided foilage and large saucer-shaped flowers of bright rosy crimson, with white centers, which are produced all Summer and Fall.

CAMPANULA - (Canterbury Bells) - Medium, bell shaped flowers, 3 feet tall. May and June. White and blue.

Medium Calycanthema—(Cup and Saucer bells)

-White and blue.

Carpatica—Blue. 9 inches tall. July and August. Excellent edging plant.

Carpatica alba—A pure white form of the pre-

Glomerata—A favorite old-fashioned herbaceous plant, producing deep blue flowers in large, close heads. Height 18 inches.

Latifolia Macrantha. 3 feet. June and July. Very handsome. Enormous drooping bells of fine satiny lilac and deep purplish shades.

Lactiflora coerulea—Pale blue flowers during July and August. 2½ feet.

Persicifolia grandiflora (Blue)—An excellent companion to the white variety, the large bright blue flowers making an effective contrast. Height 2 feet.

Persicifolia grandiflora coerulea flore pleno-

double-flowered form of the above.

Pyramidalis-Mixed colors. An elegant pot plant. Height 4 feet.

CENTAUREA (Hardheads or Knapweed).

Montana (Perennial Corn Flower)—Grows 2 feet high, bearing large violet blue flowers from July to September. Excellent for cutting.

CERASTIUM TOMENTOSUM—(Snow-in-summer)—Dwarf white-flowered plant with silvery foliage. Useful for rockeries and edging. June and July.

CHEIRANTHUS (Siberian Wallflower).

Allioni—A beautiful rock plant. Dazzling fiery orange flowers, on stems about a foot high. Best used as a biennial as it frequently blooms itself to death.

CHELONE (Shellflower)—Handsome perennials, growing about two feet high and bearing numerous spikes of large flower heads. Summer and Fall.

Lyoni—Heads of showy purplish red flowers.

CHRYSANTHEMUM-Button and small, flowering, Double Pompom Chrysanthemum All of the following varieties are perfectly hardy and have been tried out in our own nursery.
Old-fashioned Hardy Pink.

O'd-fashioned Hardy Red. O'd-fashioned Hardy White. Old-fashioned Hardy Yellow.

Bright Eyes-Blush white, before full development. The center is orange which suggested the name.

Golden Climax-Golden Yellow.

Lars-Yellow.

New York-Bronze.

Nuggets-Copper-Yellow.

Pink Dandy—Clear pink.
Red Doty—Red-flowered form of Lilian Doty.

Ruth Claret—Red.
White Doty—Splendid White.
White Midget—Pure White.
Many others in small quantities.

CHRYSANTHEMUM MAXIMUM - (Shasta Daisy)—Alaska large white daisy, 2½ feet tall. July and August. Mrs. C. L. Bell—An improved variety of the

above.

COLUMBINE-See Aquilegia.

COREOFSIS GRANDIFLORA - (Tickseed) -Yellow, daisy-like flower blooming in May and June. 1-2 feet tall.

Rosea-Finely divided, dark green foliage, bearing in August and September numerous small pink flowers; useful in border or rockery; 1 foot.

CRUCIANELLA (Crosswort).

S'ylosa-Early flowering hardy perennial, suitable for rock work; bright purple, ball-shaped Height 6 inches. flowers. Unique.

CONVALLARIA (Lily-of-the-Valley).

Majalis-This popular and fragrant subject repays for being well treated. Grand for massing near shrubs or along shaded borders.

DELPHINIUM (Larkspur).

Belladonna-They are our best blue cut flower, are perfectly hardy and established plants produce a number of spikes, giving three crops during the season.

Chinense—A very pretty variety, with feathery foilage and intense gentian-blue flow-

ers in open panicles.

Chinense album-A pure white form of the above.

Formosum-The old-fashioned dark blue Lark-

spur. Wrexham Hybrids-An excellent assortment of double flowering, 4-6 feet.

WREXHAM HYBRIDS—35 Cents Each; Three for \$1.00.

DIANTHUS BARBATUS (Sweet William)-The Sweet William is a fine plant which produces great masses of bloom of extremely rich and varied colors. The flowers are lasting and fine for cutting.
Newport Double

Pink-Watermelon pink or

Salmon rose. 18 inches.

Holborn Glory-A very fine auriculaeyed variety; white with a well marked and distinct eve.

Scarlet Beauty-Rich deep scarlet, bright green foliage: very fine.

Maroon Beauty-Extra choice strain.

White Beauty-Pure White.

Latifolius atrococcineus fl. pl. (Everlasting Hybrid Sweet William.) Beautiful Summer bedding variety, producing masses of brilliant fiery crimson flowers all season.

Mixed Colors-Johnson's Single Giants.

DIANTHUS (Pinks).

Deltoides (Maiden Pink)—A beautiful little plant with narrow leaves and bearing a profusion of small crimson flowers during June

and July. Easily grown on rockery. Plumarius (Clove Pinks)—Pink purplish and white, fragrant flowers on long spikes. Hand-some, glaucous green foliage. For border or

rock garden.

DICENTRA—(Bleeding Heart).

Heart)—Flowers Formesa—(False Bleeding pink, fern-like foilage. I foot tall. May and June.

Spectabilis—(True Bleeding Heart)—1-21/2 feet.

April to July.

SPECTABILIS, 45 Cents Each; \$4.00 for 10.

DIGITALIS Gloxinaeflora — (Foxglove) — Bellshaped flowers on long spikes, 3-5 feet tall. May to July. White and Dark purple.

Ambigua or Grandiflora—2 to 3 feet. June and July. A hardy plant, with yellowish flowers, marked with brown. Effective in groups in

wild garden.

EUPATORIUM Ageratoides—(Mist Flower)—
A perennial very similar to a giant white ageratum. 2-5 feet. August and September. Coelestinum—A pretty hardy plant, with light

purple flowers similar to the Ageratum; in flower from August until frost. 18 inches to 24 inches. Good cut flower.

Fraseri-White.

FEVERFEW (Matricaria).

Little Gem—A most useful border plant and valuable Summer cut flower, with large, double, white flowers. June until October. 18 to 24 inches.

Golden Ball-Dwarf yellow.

FOXGLOVE (See Digitalis).

FLAX (See Linum).

FORGET-ME-NOT—See Myosotis. FUNKIA Lancelata Coerulea—(August Lily)— Blue-lavender, lily-like flower. July and August. 1-2 feet tall.

- GAILLARDIA, Grandiflora Compacta-(Blanket Flower)—Large daisy flowers, yellow with maroon or brown ring around center. 2 feet. May to frost.
- GERANIUM (Crane's Bill).

Traversi—Beautiful plant, woolly, silver-gray foliage, bright pink flowers, one of the best Geraniums.

Wallichianum—A charming plant of spreading habit, flowers beautiful shade of pale blue, slightly veined with purple.

**GEUM**—(Avens).

Lady Stratheden-A counterpart of Mrs. Bradshaw except in color, the large double flowers being of a rich golden yellow.

Mrs. Bradshaw—Large double brilliant scarlet.

GYPSOPHILA (Baby's Breath).
Paniculata Compacta—When in bloom in August and September it forms a symmetrical mass 2 to 3 feet in height and as much through, of minute white flowers having a beautiful gauze-like appearance.

HELENIUM (Sneezewort)—Tall growing plants closely allied to the Sunflower; bearing in late Summer and Fall great masses of large, daisylike flowers in shades of yellow and orange.

Riverton Beauty—Pure lemon-yellow, with large disc of purplish black.

Riverton Gem (New)—Old gold suffused with

bright terra cotta changing to wallflower-red. August to October.

HELIANTHUS (Hardy Sunflower).

Mollis—An improved variety of Helianthus lac-tiflorus; of taller growth and having larger flowers. A decided improvement and most beautiful sort.

HEMEROCALLIS (Yellow Day Lily).

Flava (Lemon Lily)—Sweet scented, clear full yellow; 2½ feet. Flowers in June.

Kwanso-Large double-flowered variety, with

rich, golden bronze flowers.

- Thunbergi—Much like Flava, but flowers in July, a month later, and 6 to 10 inches of the upper portion of the flower scapes are thickened and flattened.
- HIBISCUS—(Mallow Marvels)—A giant flowering marshmallow, 4-6 feet tall. August through September. Hybrids, pink, white and red.

Roseus-A pink variety.

HOLLYHOCK—This well known perennial needs no description.

DOUBLE. Separate colors.

Red. Maroon.

White.

Yellow.

Newport Pink.

## HYPERICUM (St. John's Wort).

Moserianum—A most desirable border plant, of free and graceful habit, producing long, slender, much branched stems, leafy to the base and all drooping towards the ends, apparently from the weight of the flowers and buds, although the flowers face so none of their beauty large size, measuring from 2 to 2½ inches in diameter; in color a rich golden yellow, rendered still more effective by the numerous yellow stamens and crimson anthers, and blooms continuously the entire season. 2 feet.

**IBERIS** (Hardy Candytuft)—Most desirable dwarf plants, 8 to 10 inches, with evergreen foliage, which is completely hidden with dense

heads of flowers early in the Spring.

Sempervirens—Very dwarf and covered with a sheet of white. A particularly fine rock plant.

#### IRIS GERMANICA-

Celeste-Standards lavender-blue, falls darker. Fairy—White, delicately bordered and suffused pale blue. The tallest standard variety giving a white effect. Not new but not known or appreciated as it should be. 40 inches.

Flavescens—Pale lemon yellow. Florentina Alba—White.

Honorabalis-Standards vivid yellow, falls yellow marked cocoa-brown.

Kochi—Early purple—falls darker. Lohengrin—Foliage and flowers of gigantic size. with petals 2 inches wide of a deep violet mauve.

Mme. Cherau-White edged with bluish.

Ossian—Bright yellow standards, falls brown. Pallida Dalmatica—S. Lavender; F. clear deep lavender.

Purple King-Rich red purple.

Queen of May—Soft rosy pink. Rhein Nixe—S. white; F. Violet-blue with white Tall and large. Very fine. Strong edge. grower. 30 inches.

Walhalla—S. and F. blue and purple. Strong grower and free bloomer.

## JAPANESE IRIS IN MIXTURE.

SIBERÍCA-Orientalis-Rich violet-blue; June, 3½ feet.

Snow Queen-A variety of great merit; flowers snow white.

- LAVANDULA (Lavender).
  - Vera—This is the true Sweet Lavender: grows about 18 inches high; delightfully fragrant blue flowers in July and August.
- LIATRIS (Blazing Star, or Gay Feather).
  Pycnostachya—Showy and attractive native plants, succeeding anywhere, producing large spikes of light rosy-purple flowers in July and August; 5 feet.

- LILY OF THE VALLEY-This shade-loving perennial needs no description.
- LINUM PERENNE (Flax) Blue flowers, borne on stems ½ feet. June through September.
- LOBELIA (Indian Paintbrush)-Handsome border plants, thriving in any garden soil, but preferring a moist, deep loam. Season August

till late September. Cardinalis (Cardinal Flower)—Rich, fiery cardi-

- nal flowers. Strong plants, often producing 10 to 18 spikes. 24 to 30 inches long.

  Syphilitica (Great Blue Lobelia)—Similar in growth to the last, but the flowers are blue, streaked with white. Plant in a moist place. Desirable for border of brook or lake.
- Chalcedonica (Maltese LYCHNIS Cross) -Heads of scarlet flowers. 3 feet tall in fall.
  - Viscaria Splendens-Rosy red variety, excellent for cutting. May and June. (Catchfly). Blue and white.
- LYTHRUM (Purple Loosestriie).

  Superbum roseum—Very showy; splendid for banks of streams and ponds.
- MERTENSIA (Blue Bells).
  - Virginica—An early Spring-flowering growing about 1 to 11/2 feet high with drooping panicles of handsome light blue flowers, fading to clear pink; one of the most interesting of our native Spring flowers.
- MONARDA OR BERGAMOT (Oswego Tea)— Showy plants growing from 2 to 3 feet high, succeeding in any soil or position, with aromatic ioliage, and producing their bright flowers during July and August.

Didyma Rosea—A variety with rose-colored flowers. 3 feet. June and August.

MYOSOTIS (Forget-Me-Not).

Palustris semperflorens-Large, rich blue flowers with yellow eye; a charming plant for damp places and a more profuse bloomer than the Alpestris.
Ruth Fisher—An improved variety.

NEPETA (Ground Ivy; Catnip; Catmint).

Mussini—An excellent plant for any position,
but especially useful in the rock garden. Of

dwarf, compact habit, producing masses of bloom of a beautiful shade of lavender. 1 to 11/2 feet.

Frices (Except Where Noted), 30 Cents Each; 75 Cents for Three; \$2.25 for Dozen.

#### PAPAVER ORIENTALE—

Orientale, Princess Victoria Louise-Bright salmon-scarlet; very fine.

Orientale Hybrids, Mixed-Saved from named sorts of the large perennial Poppies.

PAEONIA—(Peony).
Aquileia—(Peony)—White, 40 cents each; \$3.50 for 10.

Avalanche—Creamy white. Barcness Rothchild—Creamy Pink.

White shaded Baroness Schroeder—Rose type. flesh.

Claire Dubois-Very large satiny pink.

Edulis Superba-Dark pink. 40 cents each.

Felix Crousse-Brilliant red.

Festiva Maxima—Paper white, blood shot. 60 cents each.
Floral Treasure—Clear pink.

Humei Carnea—Clear flesh tinted rose. 50 cents each.

Karl Rosenfield—Velvety crimson. \$2.00 each.
La Perle—White overlaid lilac-flecked crimson.
Livingstone—Pale rose-lilac.
Mme. Ducel—Mauve rose. 75 cents each.

La Tulipe-Lilac white crimson striped. Mme. Jules Calot—Lilac white crimson striped.

Mme. Jules Elie—Pink. 75 cents each.

Mechin-Deep crimson garnet. Mme. \$1.50 each.

Marguerite Gerard-Pale salmon pink. \$1.50 each.

Marie Crousse—Salmon pink \$2.75 each.

Mikado—Single red. \$1.50 each. Mons. Martin Cahuzac—Dark garnet purple. \$2.50 each.

President Taft—Hydrangea pink. \$2.00 e Rubra Superba—Crimson. 50 cents each. \$2.00 each.

Sarah Bernhardt—Mauve rose. \$2.50 each. Venus—Shell pink. \$1.25 each.

Victoria—White. 40 cents each; \$4.50 for 10.

ALL PEONIES, EXCEPT WHEN LISTED, \$1.00 EACH.

PENTSTEMON (Beard Tongue)—Most useful and showy perennials. Some varieties are not hardy. Those below are perfectly so. and July. 3 feet.

Barbatus Torreyi .- Spikes of bright scarlet flowers from June till August. A very effective plant for hardy beds.

Digitalis—White Foxglove-like spikes.

Pubescens—Bright rosy-purple; 1½ feet.

#### PHLOX-

Athis-Deep clear salmon. Very fine.

B. Comte—Rich satiny amaranth.

Bridesmaid-White with pink eye.

Crepuscle—White with delicate mauve suffusion and rosy purple eye.

Europa—A new variety, white with large crim-son-carmine eye. Very large flower and truss.

Julés Sandeau-Large fine, very free flowering pure pink.

La Vague—An improvement over older varieties of similar color, with immense, conical heads, borne in great profusion. Warm mauve with emphatic carmine eye.

Miss Lingard—The best phlox in cultivation. produces immense heads of beautiful white flowers in June and blooms again in September and October.

Mrs. Jenkins-White; immense panicles; free bloomer.

Rheinlander—A beautiful salmon pink, with flowers and trusses of immense size.

P. Struthers-Bright rosy-carmine, with claret-red eye.

Rijnstroom-Lively rose-pink, much like Paul Immense trusses of flowers. Neyron rose.

Von Lassburg—Splendid pure white; very large trusses; free bloomer; medium early.

PHLOX SUBULATA (Moss or Mountain Pink) -An early Spring-flowering type with pretty moss-like, evergreen foliage, which, during the flowering season, in April and May, is hidden under the masses of bloom. An excellent plant for the rockery, the border, and invaluable for carpeting the ground.

Rosea—Rose-pink. Fine for covering banks; thrives in hot, dry situations, and blooms profusely.

Alba—Pure white.

Lilacina—Light lilac.
Vivid—Bright rose. We would say that this is the finest free-flowering dwarf plant there is.

#### VARIOUS PHLOX.

Amoena—This is one of the best varieties for carpeting the ground, the rockery or the border. It grows but 4 inches high, and in spring is a sheet of rich bright pink flowers. Divaricata (canadensis)—One of our native

species, which is worthy of extensive planting, commencing to bloom early in April, and continuing through May, with large fragrant, lavender flowers on stems 10 inches high.

44 4

PHYSOSTEGIA (False Dragonhead).

Virginica—Forms large clumps 3 to 4 feet high, bearing long spikes of delicate pink flowers, tubular in form. July and August.

PLATYCODON (Balloon Flower).

Grandiflora—Blue. 18 inches. June to October. Large, showy, deep blue flowers. Good for

rock garden and border.

Meries:—Blue. 12 to 15 inches. July until late
September. A beautiful dwarf species, with broad, thick foliage and large deep violet-blue flowers.

PLUMBAGO (Leadwort).

Larpentae—One of the most desirable border and rock plants. It is of dwarf, spreading habit, growing 6 to 8 inches high, covered with broad, thick foliage and large deep violet-blue flowers.

FOLEMONIUM (Jacob's Ladder).

Coeruleum (Richardsoni)—Erect stems of skyblue flowers. 1 to 1½ feet. June to July. Reptans (Greek Valerian)—8 to 10 inches. April

to June. Dwarf, bushy plant of graceful growth. Showy blue flowers. Rock garden and fine border plant.

PRIMULA—(Hardy Primrose or English Cow-

slip).

Munstead Strain-In shades of yellow from cream to dark orange. Selected and perfected

by Miss Jekyll of England. Veris Hybrids—This strain includes various shades of lilac, purple and violet, as well as a wide range of buff, orange, salmon and rich reds approaching scarlet in intensity. Quite

hardy and of vigorous growth.

PYRETHRUM (Painted Daisy)—Roseus hybrids. Pink and white flowers. 18 inches tall. April through June.

Double Hybrids.

SALVIA—(Sage).

Azurea—Blooms resemble scarlet sage except color is azurea blue. August and September. 3 feet tall.

Nutans—Dwarf, good for rockery.

SANTOLINA (Lavender Cotton; Ground Cypress)—A sweet smelling, dwarf, evergreen perennnial, with delicate, silver-white foliage, useful as rock or border plants; also largely used in carpet bedding.

Chamaecyparissus (incana)—1 foot.

SAPONARIA (Soapwort).

Ocymoides Splendens-Pretty border and rockerv plant; flowers rosy pink.

SAXIFRAGA (Megasea).

Cordifolia—These will thrive in any kind of soil and in any position. Grow about 1 foot high, and are admirable for the front of the border or shrubbery.

SEDUM (Stonecrop).

DWARF VARIETIES—America's greatest rock plant. Suitable for the rockery, carpet-bedding, covering of graves, etc.

Acre (Golden Moss)—Much used for covering

graves, foliage green.

Album-Green foilage, white flowers.

Glaucum-Excellent dwarf variety for rockeries

or border edgings.

Pruniatum Forsterianum-Pretty, glaucous, bluish green leaves, of a trailing habit, with golden yellow flowers.
Sarmentosum—Excellent dwarf variety for rock-

eries or border edgings.

Sexangulare-Very dark green foliage; yellow flowers. Siebeldi-Round, succulent, glaucous foliage;

bright pink flowers in August and September. Stolonifera—One of the most desirable; flat suc-culent leaves: flowers purplish pink; July and August: 6 inches.

Ternatum-Excellent dwarf variety for rockeries

or border edgings.

SEMPERVIVUM GLOBIFERUM-(Hen and Chickens or House Leek)-Plants resemble thick miniature cabbages.

STATICE (Great Sea Lavender).

Latifolia-A valuable plant either for the border or rockery, with tuits of leathery leaves and immense candelabra-like heads frequently 1½ feet high and 2 feet across, of purplish blue, minute flowers during July and August. These, if cut and dried, last in perfect condition for months.

STACHYS (Woundwort).

Lanata-Fine old-fashioned cottage garden plant for edging; useful in rock garden; dwari; soft silvery foliage; flowers useless. 4 inches.

STOKESIA (Cornflower Aster; Stokes' Aster)—
A most charming and beautiful native hardy plant which for many seasons has been the most admired flower on our grounds. The plant grows from 18 to 24 inches high, bearing freely from early July until late in October its handsome lavender-blue centaurea-like blossoms, which measure from 4 to 5 inches across. It is of the easiest culture, succeeding in any open, sunny position. Desirable as a single plant in the hardy border and effective in masses or beds of any size.

Cyanea coerulea—Beautiful light blue.

Cyanea coerulea alba—White flowered form of above 1 to  $1\frac{1}{2}$  feet.

#### SWEET WILLIAM (See Dianthus Barbatus).

THYMUS (Thyme)—The charming Mountain Thymes make a perfect, close, fragrant carpet on hot, dry, sunny banks where grass is difficult to establish; they are a sheet of blossom in June and July. Excellent for carpeting patches of Spring-flowering bulbs.

Serpyllum (White Mountain Thyme)—Forms dense mats of dark green foliage and clouds of white flowers. 3 to 4 inches. June-July.

Lanuginosus (Woolly-Leaved)—Woolly foliage with bright pink flowers.

Citricdorus aureus—The golden yellow form of the well known "Lemon Thyme."

Odoratus—6 inches. June and July. An old garden plant, being grown as a sweet herb; flowers small, lilac or purplish, in terminal, interrupted spikes; foliage very fragrant. Fine for rock-garden.

TRITOMA (Red-hot Poker; Flame Flower; Torch Lily).

Pfitzeri (The Everblooming Flame Flower)—
The free and continuous blooming qualities of this variety have made it one of the great bedding plants, and when we consider that there are few flowering plants which are suitable for massing under our severe climatic conditions it is little wonder that such an elegant subject should become so popular. Succeeds in any ordinary garden soil, but responds quickly to liberal treatment.

#### TUNICA (Coat Flower).

Saxifraga—A pretty tufted plant with light pink flowers, produced all summer. Useful either for the rockery or the border.

- VALERIANA (Valerian; Garden Heliotrope).
  - Coccinea—Showy heads of old rose flowers.

    June to October. 2 feet.
  - Officinalis (Hardy Garden Heliotrope)—Produces showy heads of rose-tinted white flowers during June and July, with delicious, strong heliotrope odor. 3 to 4 feet.
- VERBENA Canadensis (Hardy Verbena) Flowers lavender pink from May to October, spreading dwarf.
  - Venosa, violet-purple, neat border or bedding species, hardy.
- VERONICA (Speedwell)—A family containing some of the most beautiful subjects for the hardy garden and rockery. Given a rich, well drained soil in an open situation in full sun they will all thrive in an amazing manner.
  - Amethystina—8 to 12 inches. June. A slender species, with short spikes of amethyst-blue flowers.
  - Amethystina "Royal Blue"—Beautiful spikes of rich gentian-blue flowers. 1 foot. June and July.
  - Incana—1 foot. July and August. A white, woolly plant; flowers numerous; blue. Has good appearance both in and out of bloom. Useful in rockery or border.
  - Longifolia subsessilis—2 feet. July to September. One of the handsomest blue-flowering plants. Perfectly hardy and increases in strength and beauty each year. Spikes completely studded with beautiful blue flowers; fine for cutting and one of the best plants for the hardy border.
  - Repens—3 to 4 inches. May and June. A useful rock or carpeting plant with light blue flowers.
  - Rupestris—A fine rock plant growing 3 to 4 inches high; thickly matted deep green foliage, hidden in Spring under a cloud of bright blue flowers.
  - Spicata—18 inches. June and July. Long spikes of violet-blue flowers.
  - Spicata alba—Long spikes of snowy white flowers.
- VIOLA CORNUTA (Tufted Pansies)—This is the best edging plant for the hardy border or garden; when properly cared for these plants remain in full bloom from May until October. The great secret of their continuous bloom, though, is the fact that they must be sheared several times during the season, so that the flowers do not go to seed.
- Prices (Except Where Noted), 30 Cents Each; 75 Cents for Three; \$2.25 for Dozen.

Admiration-Dark blue.

Jersey Gem (New)—Possesses the dwarf habit and continuity of blooming of the true horned Viola (V. cornuta), and the vigorous, bushy growth and roundish foliage of the finest English bedding varieties. Color is pure, rich violet, and slightly perfumed.

SWEET VIOLETS. White Single. Purple Single.

- VINCA MINOR (Myrtle)—A trailing evergreen ground cover for shady places. \$1.50 for 10; \$7.50 for 100; \$60.00 for 1,000.
- YUCCA FILAMENTOSA (Adam's Needle)— Among hardy plants this is used to give accent; also fits well in the shrub border, showy white flower stalks. June and July.
- Prices (Except Where Noted), 30 Cents Each; 75 Cents for Three; \$2.25 for Dozen.

秦 秦 秦

# Hines

- AKEBIA QUINATA (Akebia Vine)—One of the most graceful of our hardy climbers, with deep green, small foliage, and producing in early spring numberless bunches of violet brown flowers, which have a pleasant cinnamon odor; most desirable for positions where a dense shade is not required. Strong plants, 50 cents each; \$5.00 per dozen; \$35.00 per 100.
- AMPELOPSIS VEITCHII—(Boston Ivy)—50 cents each; \$4.00 per 10.
- CELASTRUS SCANDENS (Bittersweet)--50 cents each; \$4.00 per 10.
- CLEMATIS PANICULATA (Virginia's Bower)

  —2 years old, 50 cents each; \$4.00 per 10.

  Three years old, 75 cents each; \$6.00 per 10.
- ENGLISH IVY—10 to 12 inches, 20 cents each; \$1.75 per 10; \$15.00 per 100. 12 to 18 inches. 30 cents each; \$2.50 per 10; \$20.00 per 100. 3 to 4 feet, 50 cents each; \$4.50 per 10.
- SOLANUM DULCAMARA (Virginia Bittersweet)—Purple flowers, yellow center-red berries, April to frost. 50 cents each.
- LONICERA SEMPERVIRENS. Red flowers.
  April to frost.
- Frices (Except Where Noted), 30 Cents Each; 75 Cents for Three; \$2.25 for Dozen.

# Roses

#### RAMBLERS AND CLIMBERS.

American Pillar—Single rosy pink flowers. Climbing Lady Ashtown—Deep carmine-pink. Christine Wright—Bright pink.

Climbing American Beauty-Red flowers, like bush rose of that name. Dr. W. Van Fleet-Rich shell-pink; exquisitely

shaped buds. Gardenia-Buds bright yellow; flowers cream.

Very hardy.

Heart of Gold-New Van Fleet Hybrid. Disseminated by the American Rose Society. Single velvety crimson with bright golden stamens.

Hiawatha-Crimson, with white eye: single.

MARY WALLACE—Semidouble; rose salmon at base of petals.

Paul's Scarlet Climber-Vivid scarlet.

Silver Moon-Silvery white; with yellow sta-

CLIMBING ROSES, 75 cents each; \$7.50 per doz.

#### EVERBLOOMING ROSES-

Columbia—Shell Pink. Crusader—Crimson Red.

Duchess of Wellington—Intense saffron-yellow. stained rich crimson. Etoile de France—Vivid crimson, with darker

shadings. Gruss an Teplitz—Crimson.

General Jacquiminot—Scarlet crimson. Hoosier Beauty—Red.

Independence Day-Flaming yellow buds, shaded copper and brown, opening to light orangepink.

Jonkheer J. L. Mock-Outside of petals deep pink, inside silvery rose.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria—Pure White. Lady Ashtown—Carmine pink. Mme. Butterfly—Apricot pink.

Mme. Caroline Testout—Satiny rose.

Wakefield Christie-Miller-Soit, pearly blush, shaded salmon.

Radiance—Carmine-pink.

Red Radiance—Dazzling crimson-scarlet.

Sensation-Velvet red.

Souvenir de Claudius Pernet-Sunflower yellow.

White American Beauty-Pure white.

White Cochet-Pure white.

White La France-Cream White.

Prices (Except Where Noted), \$1.00 Each; \$10 for Twelve.

#### HYBRID PERPETUAL AND MISCELLANE-OUS ROSES.

Karl Druschki-Best white. Constant

bloomer. Harison's Yellow—Deep golden yellow. Hardy.

HUGONIS-Single. Yellow. Early. Very freeflowering.

Magna Charta—Large, pink flowers. Strong grower.

F. J. Grootendorst—A hybrid Rugosa. True Rugosa foliage. Blooms bright crimson, in clusters, produced from early spring to frost. Strong but compact, dwarf grower. Particularly suitable for hedges and mass planting.

Rugosa Red—(Type). Red.

Sir Thomas Lipton-Double white flowers. Constantly in bloom.

Eblouissant (New)—A beautiful garnet red Baby Rambler, very free flowering and excellent bedding variety.

Teschendorf-Rosy-pink, dwarf Baby Rambler.

George Elger-Yellow, dwarf Baby Rambler.

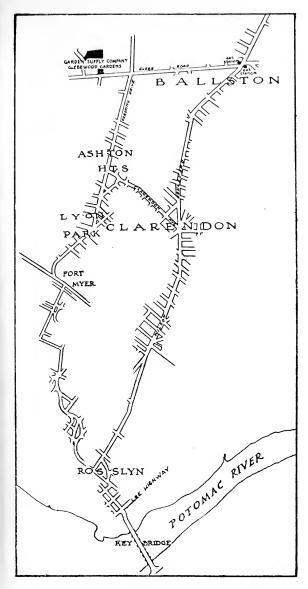
Prices (Except Where Noted), \$1.00 Each; \$10 for Twelve.

24 W 14.

# (Brasses

(Hardy Ornamental)

Phalaris arundinacea variegata (Variegated Ribbon Grass)-Leaves longitudinally striped with white; very ornamental; sometimes run wild about old places. 18 inches.



To reach our grounds, cross the Key Bridge in Georgetown and take the Wilson Boulevard from the Virginia end of the bridge to Ballston. Turn to the left where the Glebe Road crosses the Boulevard and go in that direction approximately one-half mile. You will find our place to be the nearest of all nurseries to your home.

TELEPHONE: CLARENDON 500

-1-

OFFICE AND GROUNDS:
Glebe Road, Near Pershing Drive
Ballston, Virginia



